ISMAIL J. RAMSEY (CABN 189820) 1 United States Attorney 2 THOMAS A. COLTHURST (CABN 99493) 3 Chief, Criminal Division 4 GEORGE O. HAGEMAN (CABN 332457) **Assistant United States Attorney** 5 450 Golden Gate Avenue, Box 36055 6 San Francisco, California 94102-3495 Telephone: (415) 436-6511 Fax: (415) 436-7234 7 Email: george.hageman@usdoj.gov 8 Attorneys for United States of America 9 10 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 11 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 12 SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION 13 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. CASE NO. 3:23-CR-278-CRB-1 14 Plaintiff, **UNITED STATES' SENTENCING** 15 MEMORANDUM AND MOTION FOR JOINT CHANGE OF PLEA AND SENTENCING v. 16 September 20, 2023 Date: 17 10:00 a.m. ANGEL TURCIOS, Time: Court: Hon. Charles R. Breyer 18 Defendant. 19 20 I. **OVERVIEW** 21 The United States and the defendant, Angel Turcios, jointly request that the Court accept the 22 proposed plea agreement under Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11(c)(1)(C). This case is part of the 23 United States Attorney's Office's efforts to disrupt the fentanyl and methamphetamine open-air drug 24 market that exists in San Francisco's Tenderloin District (the Tenderloin) through a combination of 25 enforcement and dispositions that prevent drug traffickers from returning to the Tenderloin. These 26 efforts will occasionally take the form, as here, of prosecution of street-level dealing where the 27 defendant has limited criminal history, leading the United States to seek expedited prosecution, obtain a 28

federal conviction, and enforce a strict three-year stay-away order that immediately excludes convicted drug traffickers from returning to the Tenderloin and thus dissuades them from engaging in further drug trafficking. For the reasons set forth below, the United States and the defendant believe that a below-Guidelines sentence—accounting for the time saved in this expedited prosecution—alongside this geographical restriction meet the statutory requirements of Section 3553(a).

II. MOTION FOR JOINT CHANGE OF PLEA AND SENTENCING

To advance the goal of this accelerated disposition, the parties jointly move the Court to proceed to sentencing without a presentence investigation report during the same hearing as the defendant's change of plea, or as shortly thereafter as is practicable. This will achieve the expedited proceeding contemplated by both parties. The Court may sentence without a presentence investigation report if it "finds that the information in the record enables it to meaningfully exercise its sentencing authority under 18 U.S.C. § 3553" and "explains its finding on the record." Fed. R. Crim. Proc. 32(c)(1)(A)(ii); see also Fed. R. Crim. P. 32(b)(1), U.S.S.G. §6A1.1, Crim. Local Rule 32-1(b). The government respectfully submits that the record here—the Indictment, the Plea Agreement, and the parties' sentencing memoranda, all detailing the defendant's offense conduct and other factors relevant under § 3553—enable the Court to meaningfully exercise its sentencing authority under § 3553 and proceed to sentencing without the need for a presentence investigation report. The parties request that the Court explain its findings and the sufficiency of the record at time of sentence.

III. APPLICABLE GUIDELINES RANGE AND CRIMINAL HISTORY CATEGORY

The government calculates the following Guidelines range:

- a. Base Offense Level, U.S.S.G. §2D1.1(a)(5), (c)(6):

 Defendant possessed between 700 and 1,000 KG of Converted Drug Weight¹
- b. Acceptance of Responsibility, U.S.S.G. §3E1.1:
- c. Adjusted Offense Level: 25

The government calculates a Criminal History Category of I (0 points).²

¹ See Addendum – Converted Drug Weight Table.

² The government has reviewed and produced in discovery the criminal history report for the defendant available through the National Crime Information Center, a criminal records database. That report reflects that the defendant does not have any prior criminal convictions.

An Adjusted Offense Level of 25 and a Criminal History Category of I results in a Guidelines range of 57-71 months.

The government also seeks a three-year term of supervised release (as required by statute) and imposition of the \$100 mandatory special assessment.

IV. SENTENCING RECOMMENDATION

Consistent with the Plea Agreement in this case, the parties jointly request a sentence of time served (plus one day) and a three-year term of supervised release that includes a special condition that the defendant may not re-enter the Tenderloin during the period of supervised release. This stay-away condition is a critical component of the plea bargain because it prevents the defendant from returning to the Tenderloin, from where the defendant's conviction for drug trafficking arises.

A. Section 3553 Factors

1. Nature and circumstances of the offense and history and characteristics of the defendant

The defendant is a 23-year old male who was born in Honduras. According to the Department of Homeland Security, the defendant lacks immigration status and/or is removable under U.S. immigration law. There is an immigration detainer in place such that the parties expect the defendant will be transferred to the custody of the Department of Homeland Security for removal proceedings following his release from the custody of the U.S. Marshals. To the government's knowledge, the defendant has no prior criminal convictions, placing him in Criminal History Category I.

On July 7, 2023, an undercover officer operating in the Tenderloin district of San Francisco waited at the corner of Golden Gate Avenue and Hyde Street in an attempt to purchase narcotics. After waiting for about thirty minutes with another would-be customer, the defendant and a second individual approached and asked the undercover officer what he needed. The undercover officer asked for three ounces of "yellow" (a street name for fentanyl) and offered to pay \$500. The defendant made a call, left the area, and then returned approximately five minutes later. He removed two baggies from his pants pocket and placed them in the undercover officer's pocket. The undercover officer handed over \$500 in cash, which the defendant counted and confirmed. The defendant then provided the undercover officer with his name and phone number. Surveillance video from nearby officers captures this transaction.

The suspected fentanyl sold to the undercover officer weighed 63.1 grams (gross) and later tested as "clear, mannitol" utilizing a TruNarc testing device—a common result for fentanyl that is often heavily cut with another substance like mannitol. In the Plea Agreement, the defendant has admitted that the substance he sold was fentanyl.

On July 10, 2023, the same undercover officer called the defendant and arranged to purchase another three ounces of fentanyl for \$500. The defendant did not deliver these narcotics himself, and instead sent his associate (the second individual from the July 7 sale) to deliver the fentanyl and accept the money. The transaction took place in the Tenderloin near the corner of Golden Gate Avenue and Hyde Street. The suspected fentanyl sold to the undercover officer weighed 82.6 grams (gross) and later tested as "clear, mannitol" utilizing a TruNarc testing device—a common result for fentanyl that is often heavily cut with another substance like mannitol. In the Plea Agreement, the defendant has admitted that the substance he sold was fentanyl.

On July 19, 2023, the same undercover officer called the defendant and arranged to purchase another three ounces of fentanyl for \$500. This transaction was to take place in Oakland, closer to where the defendant lived. Upon arrival, the undercover officer was met by the second individual, whom the defendant had sent to complete the transaction, exchanging three baggies of fentanyl for \$500 in cash. The suspected fentanyl sold to the undercover officer weighed 84.9 grams (gross) and later tested as "clear, mannitol" utilizing a TruNarc testing device—a common result for fentanyl that is often heavily cut with another substance like mannitol. In the Plea Agreement, the defendant has admitted that the substance he sold was fentanyl.

On August 7, 2023, the same undercover officer called the defendant and arranged to meet the defendant near Golden Gate Avenue and Hyde Street in the Tenderloin. Upon arrival, the undercover officer asked to purchase two ounces of fentanyl and one ounce of methamphetamine for \$300 and \$160, respectively. The defendant left the area and then returned soon after to complete the exchange. The suspected fentanyl sold to the undercover officer weighed 57.4 grams (gross) and later tested as "clear, mannitol" utilizing a TruNarc testing device—a common result for fentanyl that is often heavily cut with another substance like mannitol. The suspected methamphetamine weighed 30.1 grams (gross)

and later tested as positive for methamphetamine on the TruNarc device. In the Plea Agreement, the defendant has admitted that the substance he sold was fentanyl and methamphetamine, respectively.

On August 16, 2023, the defendant texted the undercover officer. They arranged to meet up in Oakland for the sale of two ounces of fentanyl. Shortly after arrival, the undercover officer was directed to proceed to a different location. At that other location, the defendant provided the undercover officer with two ounces of fentanyl in exchange for \$300 in cash. The suspected fentanyl sold to the undercover officer weighed 60.2 grams (gross) and later tested as "clear, mannitol, lactose" utilizing a TruNarc testing device—a common result for fentanyl that is often heavily cut with another substance like mannitol or lactose. In the Plea Agreement, the defendant has admitted that the substance he sold was fentanyl.

After his arrest, the defendant agreed to remain in custody during the pendency of this case. He was arraigned on an indictment alleging conspiracy to distribute and possess with intent to distribute fentanyl, as well as distribution of methamphetamine. In the Plea Agreement, the defendant acknowledges that he knew knowingly engaged in the distribution and sale of fentanyl and methamphetamine on these five occasions (either directly on his own or through another acting on his behalf) and that he knew the drugs were fentanyl and methamphetamine. He admits to Counts One and Three in violation of 21 U.S.C. § 841(a)(1), (b)(1)(C) and acknowledges that a conviction in this case "makes it practically inevitable and a virtual certainty that [he] will be removed or deported from the United States." Plea Agreement, ¶ 1.

2. Need for the sentence to reflect the seriousness of the offense, to promote respect for the law, and to provide just punishment; to afford adequate deterrence to criminal conduct; and to protect the public from further crimes of the defendant

The Tenderloin, defined in the Plea Agreement to include the historic Tenderloin District and much of the South of Market neighborhood, is in crisis. As the Court is well aware, the proliferation of highly addictive, potent, and inexpensive synthetic controlled substances like fentanyl and methamphetamine has exacted a crushing human toll in the Tenderloin. The Tenderloin open-air drug market not only creates suffering for its participants (including staggering amounts of overdoses and fatalities) but also dire externalities for the people and families that live and work in the Tenderloin, as

well as for San Francisco itself. The effects of the defendant's offense, considered as an individual act, are destructive; the effects of the offense, considered in the aggregate, are catastrophic.

Unsurprisingly, given the relevant conduct and amount of controlled substances the defendant possessed, the adjusted Guidelines range for the defendant's conduct is 57-71 months. The defendant has no criminal history. The proposed sentence—of time served (plus one day) and a three-year term of supervised release with a highly-restrictive geographic restriction—is a downward variance from the Guidelines range but one that the government submits is appropriate given the defendant's conduct and criminal history, the unique problem the Tenderloin faces, and the need for deterrence and protection of the public.

In order for the defendant to receive this plea offer, the defendant waived detention and has been in continuous custody since arrest; the government offered the defendant a time-served (plus one day) sentence in exchange for the defendant's agreement to promptly plead guilty and proceed to sentencing within weeks of arrest; the defendant also agreed to be subject to a three-year term of supervised release that includes a strict stay-away condition from the Tenderloin. The defendant is on notice that a return to the Tenderloin (in violation of the defendant's supervised release terms) will invite new charges or supervised release violations.

This disposition results in a drug trafficking conviction within weeks of arrest (not months or years), immediate separation of the defendant from the Tenderloin, and prevention of the defendant from returning to the Tenderloin. The speed at which this case moved will free up other government resources to prosecute additional federal crimes, including in the Tenderloin.

B. The necessity of the proposed supervised release special conditions

A three-year term of supervised release is required by statute for the drug-trafficking offense to which the defendant has agreed to plead guilty, 21 U.S.C. § 841(b)(1)(C), and it is essential to this disposition. In particular, the special stay-away condition of release allows the government to accomplish one of its primary goals related to protection of the public: to immediately separate drug traffickers from the Tenderloin (given the defendant has remained in custody from the time of arrest) and to effect a strict stay-away from the Tenderloin for three years. Under the terms of supervised

release as contemplated herein, not only will the defendant be prohibited from engaging in any further unlawful conduct, but the defendant will be prohibited from entering the Tenderloin without prior approval by U.S. Probation:

Unless authorized by U.S. Probation, the defendant shall neither enter nor be present in the area in San Francisco bordered on the west by Van Ness Avenue, on the north by Geary Street, on the east by Powell Street and 3rd Street, and on the south by Howard Street.

Combined with a suspicionless search condition, to which the parties have also agreed, Section 3553(a)'s goals of protection of the public and meaningful deterrence will be significantly advanced by the terms of this agreement, and this prosecution's impact on illicit drug trafficking in the Tenderloin will be both immediate and sustained. The stay-away condition is also necessary given the particular circumstances of Tenderloin drug trafficking, where the Court has repeatedly encountered recidivism from previously sentenced defendants, including those who have been removed from the country but who nonetheless returned to sell controlled substances in the Tenderloin. *See, e.g., United States v. Luis Almicar Erazo-Centeno*, 3:23-cr-00002-CRB; *United States v. Gamez-Arguilio*, 3:17-CR-00553-CRB.

On the facts of this particular case, under the § 3553(a) factors and given the provisions of the Plea Agreement, the government respectfully submits that the contemplated disposition here is sufficient but not greater than necessary to accomplish the goals of § 3553(a).

V. CONCLUSION

For these reasons, the government recommends that the Court sentence the defendant to a sentence of time served (plus one day), to be followed by a term of supervised release of three years and the special conditions agreed to by the parties in the Plea Agreement, including the stay-away condition.

DATED: September 19, 2023 Respectfully Submitted,

ISMAIL J. RAMSEY United States Attorney

/s/ George O. Hageman
GEORGE O. HAGEMAN
Assistant United States Attorney

<u>ADDENDUM – CONVERTED DRUG WEIGHT TABLE³</u>

Substance	Amount Possessed by Defendant	Conversion	Converted Drug Weight
Fentanyl	348 grams	1 gram = 2.5 kilograms	870 kilograms
Methamphetamine	30.1 grams	1 gram = 2 kilograms	60.2 kilograms
Total	-	-	930.2 kilograms

³ See §2D1.1, Application Note 8(D).